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6271



BROWN1 — Loveliest of the trumpet lilies

OREGON-GROWN

HARDY

LILIES

MONTBRETIAS

HEMEROCALLIS

Autumn, 1935

FOR BEST RESULTS,
buy domestic bulbs that
are fresh and healthy—
direct from the grower.

YEREX LILY GARDENS

TIGARD, OREGON, U. S. A.

DEAR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS:

Our list of lilies is not as large as last fall, due in part to reduction of stocks by last season's heavy demand and in part to elimination of certain varieties which have not proven suitable to average climatic and soil conditions. If you are interested in varieties not listed, drop us a line and we shall be pleased to make quotations, if possible to do so.

Our sincere ambition is to supply only good, clean stock, true to name, but should there be any cause for dissatisfaction, we hope you will be prompt and frank in telling us about the matter. Your patronage is greatly appreciated and we hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Notes on Lily Culture

Accompanying the descriptions of the various lilies, we have set forth the cultural requirements of each except the very easy sorts. In general, lilies are not more difficult to grow than other herbaceous perennials, some of which may be grown under a wide variety of conditions and others of which require special treatment to thrive. Usually it is comparatively easy to provide the needs of the more exacting varieties when these are understood.

An ideal soil for most lilies is one which is sufficiently porous to permit fast drainage of winter rainfall but rich in humous which will retain moisture for the plants during the summer. Heavy soils may be improved by liberal additions of sand and leaf mold. On low ground, it is often advisable to throw out the soil to a depth of two feet and place at the bottom a layer of old cans, brick-bats or other material which will provide under-drainage. In back-filling, sand can be added to the soil if needed.

The common idea that the stem rooting lilies are the only ones that need deep planting is a fallacy. Many of those that root from bulb only, will do much better if planted 10 to 12 inches deep where the moisture content is greater and there is more protection from winter cold. Additionally, the rootless stems need the greater depth of soil to hold themselves erect without staking.

In districts where late spring frosts are common, it will be well to select a sheltered spot with the protection of low-growing shrubs or ferns. The shade of these helps also to keep the ground cool and moist later on which is very beneficial. A mulch of leaf-mold will retain moisture and provide just the sort of plant food lilies need. Wherever possible, avoid the use of manures in fertilizing lilies. They tend to spread injurious soil organisms such as symphylids (garden centipeds) which destroy the tender roots and often attack the bulbs. We believe this accounts for the loss of many of the white-bulbed lilies which are especially susceptible. Leothrips sometimes attack lily bulbs that are planted shallow in loose soil. Deep planting will tend to check the depredations of these and other insect pests. Bulbs so infested may be cleaned up by immersing for an hour or more in a solution of oil emulsion spray at the strength prescribed for dormant spray. Much trouble with lilies could be avoided by planting clean, healthy bulbs in new soil and thenceforth using only leaf-mold from under deciduous trees as fertilizer.



A border planting of Sunset Lilies (Pardalimum Giganteum).

LILIES

AMABILE—A rare species from Korea which seldom grows more than 18 inches high. The pretty, recurving flowers are quite large and of a brilliant tone of orange-scarlet known as grenadine red, marked with black. A splendid lily for the rock garden, requiring fast drainage and an open, sunny situation. June. 25c each, 3 for 65c, 12 for \$2.50.

AURATUM PLATYPHYLLUM — The most vigorous and easily grown of the auratums. The massive white flowers have a central band of gold on each petal and are lightly spotted with the same color. The fragrance is very sweet. Under favorable conditions the plant attains great height. Fast drainage and acid soil, rich in leaf-mold, are the principal requirements of this lily. Plant 10 inches deep. August flowering. Home grown bulbs, supply limited, 75c each, 3 for \$2.00, 12 for \$7.50. Japanese bulbs—ready in December, 25c each, \$2.50 doz.

BATEMANNIAE—This excellent species is one of the very best of the upright-flowered lilies and quite distinct from the other members of that group, having flowers of rich apricot, unspotted and with

gracefully recurving petals. August blooming. 2 to 4 feet. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.

BROWNI—The true form, very scarce. Do not confuse with the much inferior variety, odorum, offered by some dealers. *Lilium Browni* is one of the world's best lilies. The wiry stems, clothed with handsome foliage, bear one to several large trumpet flowers, exquisitely fashioned, marble-white on the face, emerald green in the throat and corinthian purple on the reverse surfaces. The anthers are cinnamon brown. Plant 8 inches deep, in sandy soil. Fertilize with leaf mold. Stem-rooting. Height 3 to 4 feet. July. \$2.00 each, 3 for \$5.50.

CALLOSUM — An interesting and graceful species from Asia allied to *L. tenuifolium* but blooming about a month later. The numerous star-like, recurving flowers vary in color from strawberry pink to red. Plant 4 inches deep. 1 to 3 feet in height. July. 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50.

CANADENSE—The meadow lily of Canada. Graceful bells, minutely spotted, varying from red to yellow. Plant 8 inches deep. June-July. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.



SUNSET LILY

Lilium Pardalinum var. Giganteum.

This splendid new lily is increasing in popular favor each season, having been accorded much praise by leading horticulturists both at home and abroad.

It came into commercial culture just ten years ago and prior to that time had been grown for forty years or more in the garden of an old farm near the Columbia River. Mr. Purdy has thought that it might be one of Burbank's hybrids which he distributed a good many years ago, but we incline to think differently, as a study of the lily and its seed progeny indicates that it is not a hybrid but a very superior variety of *Lilium pardalinum*, possibly a sport. Certainly no collected form that we have seen or heard of can compare with the vigor and beauty of this grand lily.

The accompanying plate conveys a good idea of the shape and color of the flower. The base of each segment is chrome-yellow spotted maroon and the outer portion deep scarlet-red. Under ordinary culture the plant grows from 5 to 7 feet tall, but it is not uncommon to see it 9 feet where conditions are ideal. The foliage is luxuriant. The blooming period is Ju'y.

This lily is of easy culture, but thrives best in strong, yet well-drained soil, with abundant moisture during the growing season. Set the bulbs 8 to 12 ins. deep. For best results it should be planted not later than mid-October.

Flowering size —

50c each, 3 for \$1.40, 12 for \$5.

Large — 75c each, 3 for \$2.00, 12 for \$7.50.





L. Douglas Ingram

Griffiths Hybrids

The late Dr. David Griffiths of the U. S. Bureau of Plant Industry, whose death last March was a great loss to horticulture, spent years of patient, skillful toil upon lilies. From thousands of hybrid seedlings grown to flowering size, among others, the following five varieties were selected and propagated. They are all Western American hybrids containing blood of Pacific Coast native lilies only. These varieties show strong resemblance to *L. Humboldtii*, but are much more tractable than that beautiful California species, the bulbs possessing more of the vigor of *L. pardalinum*.

Uniformly priced, strong blubs **\$1.25 each, 3 for \$3.50, 12 for \$12.50.**

SPECIAL OFFER—1 each of 5 varieties (blooming size) **\$5.00.**

KULSHAN—This variety, bearing the Indian name of Mt. Baker, famous snow peak near Bellingham, is the tallest growing, often 8 to 9 feet. The flowers are cadmium-orange, thickly set with small maroon spots, resembling *L. Humboldtii*.

DOUGLAS INGRAM—A very distinct and beautiful variety. Segments are cadmium-yellow at the base, shading to orange-rufus at the tips with spots of garnet-brown zoned with red. Like all of these hybrids, the inflorescence is of tall pyramid form.

SACAJAWEA—Dedicated to the memory of the brave Indian woman who piloted Lewis and Clark through the great Northwest. Tall and robust, leaves distinctly whorled, flowers capucine yellow with spots of oxblood red arranged in a pattern suggestive of Indian art.

SHUKSAN—Named for a beautiful snow-peak of the Cascade range, this is the most prolific and easily grown of all. The ground color of the flower is capucine yellow and the spots, larger than those of Kulshan, are claret-brown at base, shading to Morocco-red at tips of segments. Those who have failed with *L. Humboldtii* will find in this grand lily a superior substitute. 5 to 6 feet.

STAR OF OREGON—A tall, robust variety bearing 14 to 20 flowers, cadmium-orange, spots black zoned with red.



L. Shuksan



L. Canadense

CANDIDUM — The beautiful Madonna lily with its immaculate flowers and delicious fragrance will always be a favorite in June gardens. Do not plant it near other lilies but in a place apart, preferably in an open, sunny situation. If the ground is baked by the late-summer sun after the tops die down, so much the better. Do not cover the bulbs more than 2 inches. Poor soil will do. This lily should be planted not later than September. Please do not ask us to make shipments after October 20th. Healthy, Oregon-grown bulbs, 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00.

CENTIFOLIUM—A wonderful new lily, discovered by Farrer in a cabbage garden in Central China. A giant among lilies. Long white, tubular flowers streaked externally with green or brown. It blooms after Regale. Very scarce. 4 to 8 feet. July-August. Flowering bulbs, \$2.00 each, 3 for \$5.00; selected bulbs, \$4.00 each.

CENTIFOLIUM — SARGENTIAE HYBRIDS —These are some very sturdy and beautiful plants resulting from crosses we have made. We can spare a few bulbs only at \$5.00 each.

COLUMBIANUM INGRAMI — This pretty Oregon native loves a woodland setting or a nook in the wild garden, with plenty of sand and humus in the soil. Plant 8 inches deep. Its golden-yellow turksceps open in July. Large bulbs, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.

CONCOLOR—A pretty little lily bearing on slender stems several bright red, upright flowers flecked with black at base of petals. A gem for rock gardens. Plant the small bulbs 4 inches deep. Stem-rooting. 12 to 18 inches. June-July. 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50.

DAVIDI—A new and scarce lily from Central China. The cinnabar-red flowers, spotted black, resemble *L. Willmottiae* but open later and are borne on more rigid stems. 4 to 6 feet. July-August. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, \$5.00 doz.; extra large, 75c each, 3 for \$2.00, \$7.50 doz.

DAVMOTTIAE—A splendid new hybrid resulting from a cross between *Davidi* and *Willmottiae*. It is superior to both parents, possessing the rigid stalk of *Davidi* and the flowering qualities of *Willmottiae*. (See illustration.) 3 to 5 feet. July. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.75, \$10.00 doz.

HANSONI—A choice Korean species bearing many handsome yellow flowers with thick petals. Most of the new Martagon hybrids have resulted from crosses with this lily. It is very hardy and easily grown, but should be p'anted in partial shade, as flowers are inclined to fade in full sun. 3 to 4 feet. June, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.

MAXIMOWICZII—An Asiatic species resembling the Tiger Lily, but of a better color, taller and having a longer head of bloom. Produces a large plant from a relatively small bulb. 4 to 6 feet. July-August. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00.



Elegans Lilies

These are a class of upright flowered hybrid lilies, similar in form and color range to the umbellatum group, but of shorter growth. They are excellent for the border when planted in masses and fine for cutting. (See illustration p. 15.)

ALICE WILSON—A very dwarf variety with large, full flowers of bright lemon-yellow, finely spotted. 12 inches. Early July. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

AUREUM—Broad, widely open flowers, clear apricot-orange densely spotted purple-black. 1½ feet. Late July. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.

KINBUSEN—A fine Japanese variety with large flowers shading from crimson at the base to orange at the tips. 14 inches. June. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.

HENRYI (The Golden Speciosum)—

This fine lily was discovered on the limestone cliffs of the Yangtze Gorge by Dr. Augustine Henry. Its exotic charm, rich color, hardiness and dependability place it high among the favorite garden lilies. In the Northwest it frequently grows 8 feet tall, bearing from 10 to 20 large, recurving flowers. The golden orange color is enhanced by a prominently green nectar furrow in the middle of each petal. In burning sunlight the color is liable to fade. This is overcome by planting in partial shade. *Lilium Henryi* is excellent for cutting. It will keep in good condition for two weeks or more, until the last buds open. The flowering time is in August.

Our Oregon grown bulbs are much superior to imported stock. These exceptionally low prices offer you an opportunity to make an impressive planting at small cost:

Flowering size, 15c each, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50; medium size, 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50; large size, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00; mammoth size, 60c each, 3 for \$1.60, 12 for \$6.00.



Lilium Henryi

GIGANTUM HIMALAICUM

The wooded valleys of the Himalayas are the home of this noblest of lilies. There, in shady glens sheltered always from the direct sunlight, with roots running freely in the moist leaf-soil, large colonies of them may be seen spreading their beautiful heart-shaped leaves and holding high their long white tubular blooms in stately elegance.

The north side of a building, or the shade of trees will suit it well. Plant the bulb just below the surface, in soft soil rich in humus. Keep it moist during the growing season and you will find it comparatively easy to grow. In severe climates spring planting is advisable. An established colony wintered well with us one year, when many regale lilies were killed by freezing. Our home grown bulbs are much better than imported stock.

Satisfactory results cannot be obtained by planting flowering-sized bulbs. We, therefore, supply only good sized bulbs to flower the year after planting. 8 to 12 feet. June.

\$2.50 each, 3 for \$7.00, 12 for \$25.00.



L. Giganteum Himalaicum



L. Centifolium (Page 6)

LEUCANTHUM—See *Centifolium*.

MARHAN HYBRID

Mrs. R. O. Backhouse—This grand variety, named for the famous hybridist, is one of her best introductions. A tall and stately lily bearing 15 to 30 flowers of an orange-yellow tone, lightly spotted purple. The buds and reverse surfaces of the flowers are flushed with pink. Large bulbs, \$3.00 each.

PARDALINUM (The Leopard Lily)—One of the finest lilies. Hardy anywhere and easy to grow. Thrives best with plenty of moisture during the growing season. Native of Oregon and California. Bulbs increase rapidly, forming large clumps. The inner half of the petal is bright orange, maroon spotted, while the outer half is rich orange-scarlet. 5 to 7 feet. June. Fine bulbs, 25c each, 3 for 65c, 12 for \$2.50; very large, 35c each, 3 for 95c, 12 for \$3.50.

PHILIPPINENSE FORMOSANUM (The Incense Lily)—A delightful species from Formosa, having long, graceful, trumpet flowers which exhale a sweet perfume suggestive of Oriental incense. The slender tube is usually streaked externally with chocolate, sometimes pure white and the widely flaring face is always pure white and waxy. One of the best trumpet lilies and one of the last to flower. In the colder sections plant in a warm place so it will flower before frost. Plant 6 inches deep in sandy soil. 3 to 6 feet. September-October. 35c each, 3 for \$1.00, 12 for \$3.50.

SPECIAL OFFER EXPIRING OCTOBER 20th

3 Candidum	1 Giganteum himalaicum
3 Hansoni	1 Shuksan
3 Sunset Lily	
\$7.00 value for \$5.00	



L. Philippinense Formosanum

PHILIPPINENSE FORMOSANUM (Price's Variety)—An early flowering and shorter growing variety of the above. 12 to 18 inches. Late July. Same prices.

PRINCEPS—This is the name given by Dr. E. H. Wilson to hybrids between *L. regale* and *L. Sargentiae*. We offer one of our own crosses, an exceedingly vigorous plant with broader leaves than *regale*. The flowers are large and well formed. The pedicels of the lower tier bear two flowers each, one blooming later as in *L. Henryi*. This lily blooms after *L. regale*. 5 to 7 feet. Late July. Flowering bulbs, \$3.00.

REGALE—This magnificent lily is one of the most satisfactory ever introduced. Its easy culture and great beauty have done much to popularize the whole lily family. The flowers are white, suffused with pink and purple. As many as 25 blooms are borne on the tall, wiry stems. 4 to 7 feet. Early July.

Flowering size, 15c each, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50; medium size, 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50; large size, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00; mammoth size, 60c each, 3 for \$1.60, 12 for \$6.00.

SUPERBUM—A very beautiful American lily, tall and vigorous, bearing many large recurving flowers, yellow, spotted maroon in the center and blending to orange and crimson toward the tips of the petals. 4 to 7 feet. Late July. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00.

SARGENTIAE—A rare lily from China with long funnel-shaped flowers, creamy-white on the face, yellow in the tube, suffused externally with rose purple. It blooms after *regale*. Hardy and of easy culture. Prefers leaf soil and sharp drainage. Plant 8 inches deep. 5 to 7 feet. July-August. \$3.00 each.



L. Regale



L. Sulphureum

SULPHUREUM—This lovely species from the mountains of Burma is one of the world's best lilies. From one to several large trumpet flowers of great substance are borne on tall, wiry stems. The name is indicative of the color—sulfur yellow. The fragrance is very sweet. Being one of the last of the trumpet lilies to flower, it lends its distinctive charm to the gardens of late summer and early autumn. Formerly the only supply of this lily was the wild, collected stock which reached the market only after months of exposure and severe treatment. Our fresh Oregon grown bulbs will be found superior in every way to the bruised and withered specimens from Burma. Prefers a sandy leaf-soil. Plant 8 to 10 inches deep. Protect in cold climates with a heavy mulch in winter. 4 to 6 feet. August-September.

Flowering size, 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00. Medium size, 75c each, 3 for \$2.00, 12 for \$7.50. Large size, \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.75, 12 for \$10.00.

TIGRINUM—The Tiger Lily is an old favorite that is still indispensable to the lily collection. No garden is complete which lacks its cheery brilliance during late summer days. The sturdy stalks carry as many as 30 rich salmon-orange flowers, spotted purple. 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50.

TIGRINUM FLORE PLENO—The double form of the above, later blooming. The best double flowered lily. 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50.

TENUIFOLIUM—A charming little lily with slender stems, grassy leaves and flowers of vivid scarlet. Give it a compost of sandy loam and leaf-mold with perfect drainage in full sun. A fine rock garden lily. It seeds freely and grows readily from seed. Plant 4 to 5 inches deep. Height, 12 to 18 inches. May and June. 15c each, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50. Very fine bulbs, 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50.



L. Tenuifolium

TESTACEUM (*L. excelsum*)—Handsome nankeen-yellow flowers borne on stalks 4 to 6 feet tall. The demand always exceeds the supply of this fine lily. Success is not so easy as with some kinds, but the achievement is well worth the effort. Select a sunny situation protected from chilly winds and late spring frosts. The soil type is not so important if good drainage is provided. Plant 4 inches deep. 4 to 6 feet. July. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.75, 12 for \$10.00. Plant this lily early. No deliveries after October 20th.

WASHINGTONIANUM (Mt. Hood Lily) — This fine species from the mountains of Oregon is the principal trumpet-flowered lily native of America. Tall, leafy stems bear as many as 25 sweet-scented blooms which open white, but change to pink and wine color with age. Collected bulbs often supplied are liable to fail due to bruises and drying. Our garden-grown bulbs are fresh and healthy. Good drainage required. Plant 10 inches deep. 4 to 6 feet. June. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.

Valley Type. In the past we have been accustomed to considering this species as strictly a mountain lily, but research has disclosed the fact that in pioneer days a superior form possessed of wonderful vigor grew in great numbers in the grain fields and prairie lands of the upper Willamette Valley. In some places the farmers actually considered them as weeds. The great bulk of them have long since been killed out by cultivation and cattle. From some that remain a stock of seedlings has been worked up. These we now offer, confident that they will prove thoroughly amenable to cultivation and demonstrate to those who plant them the true beauty of this splendid Oregon lily. The bulb is very different from the mountain form, being more compact and firm. Splendid bulbs, 60c each, 3 for \$1.60, 12 for \$6.00.

WILLMOTTIAE—This is one of Mr. Wilson's best introductions from Central China. It ranks among the finest hardy lilies. Foliage long and very deep green. Flowers recurving, bright orange-red. 4 to 6 feet. July. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00; 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.



L. Willmottiae

HARDY COLLECTION

A selection of eight very dependable varieties.

Batemanniae
Hansonii
Henryi or Regale
Maximowiczii
Philippinense formosanum
Sunset Lily
Tigrinum
Umbellatum grandiflorum

1 of each (value \$2.60) for \$2.00,
2 of each \$3.90

ROCK GARDEN COLLECTION

3 Amabile
3 Callosum
3 Concolor
3 Tenuifolium

12 bulbs (value \$2.60) for \$2.00.

SUPERB COLLECTION

Auratum platyphyllum
Giganteum himalaicum
Brownii
2 Sunset Lilies
Speciosum rubrum

A \$6.75 value for \$5.00.

The New Day Lilies - Hemerocallis

Most lovers of flowers are familiar with the Lemon and Orange Daylilies of our grandmothers' gardens, but for those who have not become acquainted with the grand new hybrids that have been developed in recent years a great surprise is in store. By crossing with recently discovered species from Asia new colors and forms have been produced. The result is a glorious race of plants that is being received with enthusiasm throughout the world.

The culture of hemerocallis is as simple as that of any vigorous perennial. They increase rapidly by root divisions. The leaves form tufts resembling those of the Japanese irises. With a good selection of varieties one may have a constant succession of bloom throughout the summer. Give them plenty of moisture during the flowering season.



Hemerocallis

AMARYLLIS—Large flower, soft yellow tipped with orange. 3 feet. July and August. \$1.00 each.

APRICOT—A charming early June blooming variety, semi-dwarf, compact and free flowering. Light apricot-orange. 30 inches tall. 50c each, 3 for \$1.40.

AUREOLE—A large free flowering variety that comes into bloom when the first early sorts are waning. Rich cadmium yellow. 3 feet—late June. 50c each.

BAY STATE—Large glistening, deep yellow flowers. A persistent midsummer bloomer. 4 feet. July. \$1.00 each.

CRESSIDA—Large, deep-orange, rather star-like flowers. 3 feet. July. 75c each.

DR. REGEL—Pure orange-yellow, fragrant and free flowering. 1½ feet. May and early June. 50c each, 3 for \$1.40.

DUMORTIERII—Early and long flowering, dwarf, fragrant, orange-colored flowers. 1½ feet. June. 25c each, 3 for 70c.

FLAVA—“The Lemon Lily”—Clear lemon-yellow. 2 to 3 feet. June. 25c each, 3 for 70c.

FLORHAM—Large flowers, clear canary-yellow. 3 to 4 feet. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10.

FULVA—“The Tawny Lily”—Copper-orange, shaded crimson. 4 feet. 25c each, 3 for 70c.

GOLDEN DREAM—Late. Rich golden-orange. Perhaps the deepest color of all and one of the best. \$1.50 each.

GOLDENI—Vigorous. Deep golden-orange. 2½ feet. Ju'y. \$1.00 each.

J. A. CRAWFORD—Fine form, bright, apricot-yellow. 4 feet. June and July. \$1.00 each.

LEMONA—Wide spreading blooms, pale lemon-yellow. 4 feet. Very late. \$1.00 each.

LUTEOLA MAJOR—Orange-yellow. Very floriferous. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35.

MIKADO—Bright orange with central zone of each petal blotched purplish-red. Very striking. \$2.00 each.

MRS. W. H. WYMAN—Lovely glistening, pale lemon-yellow, with delicately recurved petals. The latest of all. \$1.00 each.

QUEEN OF MAY—A tall, early variety with yellow-orange flowers which, in the milder districts, blooms a second time in the fall. \$1.00 each.

THE GEM—Deep yellow-apricot. An early, robust, full-flowered sort. 3 feet. June and early July. \$1.00 each.

THUNBERGI—One of the latest to flower. Deep buttercup yellow, sweet-scented. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10.

SPECIAL COLLECTION

5 for \$3.00

Bay State

Dr. Regel

Goldeni

Mrs. W. H. Wyman

Thunbergi



L. Umbellatum, Golden Fleece

Mahogany. Very choice and distinct, with large shapely flowers of glowing crimson lake. The deepest color yet produced. Should be planted in partial shade as it fades in full sun. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

Splendidum. The finest of the highly colored varieties. Rich vermilion, with a contrasting tone of orange-green on the reverse surfaces. Very strong growing. 60c each, 3 for \$7.70, 12 for \$6.00.

Vermilion Brilliant. The most brilliant in color, having large heads of vivid blood-red flowers with broad, massive petals. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, \$5.00 doz.

Umbellatum Lilies

An early flowering group of hybrids from *Lilium Davuricum*. Easily grown and producing large heads of richly colored, erect flowers in June and early July. All the members of this group are satisfactory, if only for the reason that they will flower abundantly with little care and attention. They are seen to best advantage when planted en masse. The result is a wonderful display of rich color which may be combined with delphiniums and other perennials to produce a telling effect in the border.

Golden Fleece. A striking form. Very large, clear golden yellow flowers, with a blush of scarlet at the top of the petals. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.75, \$10.00 doz.

Grandiflorum. An extremely fine form, producing huge heads of bright orange-red flowers. 25c each, \$2.50 doz.



Lilium Umbellatum
Grandiflorum

MONTBRETIAS

Large Flowered Hybrids



Montbretia His Majesty

The new hybrid Montbretias are becoming more popular yearly. They are so superior to the old common sorts that one has to see them to appreciate them. The richly colored and beautiful flowers, often 3 to 4 inches in diameter, are borne on graceful stems and continue to bloom over a long period from mid-summer till frost. They make excellent border plants and are of great value for cutting.

Montbretias are of easy culture, preferring a light loamy soil well enriched with leaf mold. The moisture supply should be good. They thrive in the partial shade of borders or shrubbery as well as in full sunlight.

Montbretia bulbs may be left in the ground over winter if mulched so as to prevent freezing. Otherwise they should be lifted and stored in moist soil or peat away from frost.

MARJORIE—Large, open flowers, orange-yellow with crimson center. A beautiful flower, perfectly flat when fully open. Height 3 feet. 20c each, 3 for 55c, \$2.00 doz.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA — A choice variety with erect habit of growth. Late flowering. Large reflexed light, golden-orange flowers with distinct crimson bars. 3 to 4 feet. 25c each, 3 for 70c, \$2.50 doz.

AURORA—A very large flower, pure orange-yellow. Tall. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

HIS MAJESTY—A glorious variety, flowers measuring 4 inches or more across, very broad petalled, deep velvety scarlet shading down to gold. Height 4½ feet; the largest flowered of all Montbretias. First Class Certificate R. H. S. and Glasgow. 25c each, 3 for 70c, \$2.50 doz.

JOAN OF ARC—The finest and largest yellow Montbretia. Deep golden flowers with broad, massive petals, marked with crimson at the center. 35c each, 3 for \$1.00, \$3.50 doz.

LEMON QUEEN—Creamy yellow, pale center and deep orange buds. A very attractive flower and of great decorative value. 10c each, 3 for 25c, 90c dozen.

QUEEN OF SPAIN—Very large flowers, brilliant deep golden-orange. Reverse of petals golden-apricot with crimson calyx. Flowers widely expanded on well branched stems. 2½ feet. 25c each, 3 for 70c, \$2.50 doz.

UNA — Flowers rich apricot with earmine blotch; a well shaped flower of good substance. Height 2½ feet. Award of Merit R. H. S. 25c each, 3 for 70c, \$2.50 doz.

SPECIAL OFFER—One of each (8 varieties), value \$2.40, for \$2.00.



Lilium Elegans-Kinbusen above

Alice Wilson below

A COMPANION FOR MIDSUMMER LILIES

ACONITUM SPARKSI—This is a very fine form of *Aconitum napellus* producing a broad spray of blackish violet flowers that bloom over a long period. We grow it because it makes such a beautiful companion plant for the midsummer lilies, after the delphiniums have gone. It has

received much praise from those who have visited our gardens. The bulbous roots are poisonous. This is one of the best of the monkshoods. Flowering size, 35c each, 3 for 95c, 12 for \$3.50; large, 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

TERMS. Cash with order, check, draft or money order. Please do not send orders for less than \$1.00.

CANADIAN CUSTOMERS are required to obtain permits to import plants and bulbs. Application must be filed with the Secretary of the Destructive Insect and Pest Act Advisory Board, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

TIME OF SHIPMENT. Unless you instruct us otherwise, shipments will be made at digging time in the fall. Early shipments allow bulbs and plants to become established before winter sets in. Where winters are severe, plantings of *Lilium sulphureum*, *Montbretias* and *Tigridias* are safer made in the spring. Send us your order and we shall hold it for you if you wish. 25% payment will hold until shipping time.

TRANSPORTATION. Prices in this catalog cover prepaid postage or express. Be sure to state express office if different from postal address.

WE GUARANTEE all bulbs and plants to be true to name and to reach you in good and healthy condition. We cannot guarantee them to grow in your garden under conditions beyond our control. Complaints must be made immediately upon receipt of shipment.



LILIUM SPECIOSUM RUBRUM

This grand lily ranks next to auratum in favor among the lilies of Japan. Additionally, it has the advantage of a stronger constitution which makes for ease of culture and dependability. Unfortunately, many of the imported blubs are diseased. Our home-grown, selected stock will be found superior in every way. Large, recurving flowers, prominently blotched with color ranging from pink to carmine on a white ground. Plant 8 inches deep. 4 to 5 feet. September-October.

50c each, 3 for \$1.40, 12 for \$5.00.

YEREX LILY GARDENS

TIGARD, OREGON, U. S. A.